Private Security Camera Incentive Program Report

Data as of July 31, 2017

1. The total number of rebates and vouchers issued.

2,561 rebates and vouchers have been issued.

2. The total number of private security cameras funded.

6,513 cameras have been funded.

3. The number of rebates and vouchers issued in each police service area (PSA).*

PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued
101	1	207	6	405	57	603	28
102	0	208	22	406	24	604	22
103	2	301	14	407	116	605	28
104	149	302	81	408	34	606	22
105	13	303	25	409	65	607	15
106	63	304	27	501	157	608	26
107	125	305	37	502	154	701	41
108	173	306	14	503	114	702	4
201	25	307	17	504	109	703	13
202	60	308	26	505	22	704	17
203	12	401	26	506	62	705	14
204	20	402	51	507	114	706	4
205	31	403	77	601	17	707	8
206	21	404	112	602	22	708	22

4. The number of rebates and vouchers issued in each priority area identified.

Priority	Rebates	Priority	Rebates	Priority	Rebates	Priority	Rebates
PSA	Issued	PSA	Issued	PSA	Issued	PSA	Issued
103	2	305	37	502	154	701	41
104	149	307	17	503	114	702	4
105	12	308	26	504	109	703	13
106	63	402	51	505	22	704	17
107	125	403	77	506	62	705	14
108	173	404	112	507	109	706	4
202	60	405	53	602	22	707	8
207	6	406	23	603	28	708	22
208	22	407	101	604	22		
302	81	409	58	607	14		
303	25	501	147	608	24		

5. The number of rebates issued to residents, businesses, nonprofit and religious institutions.

Property Type	Rebates		
Resident	2445		
Business	82		
Non-Profit	22		
Religious Institution	12		

6. The number of times MPD requested footage from a Program recipient, and whether the request was granted or denied by the Program recipient.

There were two documented requests for footage by MPD from a program recipient, which were granted. MPD detectives may also be in direct contact with a program recipient without that information being specifically tracked by existing law enforcement resources.

7. The number of times that footage from a private security camera contributed to a successful arrest by MPD, including a breakdown by offense.

It is difficult for MPD to track and report on this data. For one, there is often a significant amount of time between when a video is pulled and an arrest is made. In cases for which video is pulled, reviewed, and found to contain something of value, MPD will seek a warrant and potentially go through a grand jury process. Moreover, there is a range of ways in which video footage can contribute to an arrest. Many of these do not involve a suspect caught on camera, but rather a witness or perhaps a person or vehicle of interest. Lastly, detectives are not personally tracking whether a camera is an MPD-owned camera, a government camera, a private security camera, or a private security camera owned by a rebate recipient. Tracking this information is not part of their core function. Establishing a system to track the specific utility of video and the type of camera that recorded it until an arrest is actually made is not an efficient use of law enforcement resources better directed at investigating crime. Therefore, MPD is unable to provide comprehensive data on this.

8. An analysis of the Program's implementation and plans for future expansion, if any.

OVSJG continues to conduct outreach to increase participation in the program. In July, OVSJG made a presentation about the Camera Program to ANC-4D.

^{*}As of August 1, 2016 all PSAs are eligible to apply for rebates. Prior to August 1, 2016 rebate applications from PSAs 101, 102, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206,301, 304, 306, 401, 408, 601, 605, and 606 were ineligible. Until September 1, 2017, voucher applications from PSAs 101, 102, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206,301, 304, 306, 401, 408, 601, 605, 606 and 607 are ineligible.