

Private Security Camera Incentive Program Report

Data as of July 6, 2016

1. The total number of rebates issued.

433 rebates have been issued.

2. The total number of private security cameras funded.

1199 cameras have been funded.

3. The number of rebates issued in each police service area (PSA).

PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued	PSA	Rebates Issued
101	0	207	0	405	7	603	3
102	0	208	3	406	4	604	1
103	0	301	0	407	15	605	0
104	29	302	20	408	0	606	0
105	2	303	2	409	15	607	2
106	12	304	0	501	13	608	2
107	32	305	5	502	38	701	10
108	46	306	0	503	26	702	3
201	0	307	1	504	24	703	1
202	10	308	5	505	6	704	5
203	0	401	0	506	16	705	4
204	0	402	9	507	27	706	1
205	0	403	13	601	0	707	1
206	0	404	15	602	3	708	2

4. The number of rebates and vouchers issued in each priority area identified.

Priority PSA	Rebates Issued	Priority PSA	Rebates Issued	Priority PSA	Rebates Issued	Priority PSA	Rebates Issued
103	0	305	5	502	38	701	10
104	29	307	1	503	26	702	3
105	2	308	5	504	24	703	1
106	12	402	9	505	6	704	5
107	32	403	13	506	16	705	4
108	46	404	15	507	27	706	1
202	10	405	7	602	3	707	1
207	0	406	4	603	3	708	2
208	3	407	15	604	1		
302	20	409	15	607	2		
303	2	501	13	608	2		

*The program is currently limited to applicants in Priority PSAs. As of August 1, all PSAs will be eligible.

5. The number of rebates issued to residents, businesses, nonprofit and religious institutions.

Property Type	Rebates
Resident	408
Business	15
Non-Profit	10
Religious Institution	0

6. The number of times MPD requested footage from a Program recipient, and whether the request was granted or denied by the Program recipient.

In June, there was one documented request for footage by MPD from a program recipient, which was granted. Additionally, MPD detectives may be in direct contact with a Program recipient without that information being specifically tracked by existing law enforcement resources.

7. The number of times that footage from a private security camera contributed to a successful arrest by MPD, including a breakdown by offense.

It is difficult for MPD to track and report on this data. For one, there is often a significant amount of time between when a video is pulled and an arrest is made. In cases for which video is pulled, reviewed, and found to contain something of value, MPD will seek a warrant and potentially go through a grand jury process. Moreover, there is a range of ways in which video footage can contribute to an arrest. Many of these do not involve a suspect caught on camera, but rather a witness or perhaps a person or vehicle of interest. Lastly, detectives are not personally tracking whether a camera is an MPD-owned camera, a government camera, a private security camera, or a private security camera owned by a rebate recipient. Tracking this information is not part of their core function. Establishing a system to track the specific utility of video and the type of camera that recorded it until an arrest is actually made is not an efficient use of law enforcement resources better directed at investigating crime. Therefore, MPD is unable to provide comprehensive data on this.

8. An analysis of the Program's implementation and plans for future expansion, if any.

OVSJG continues to engage in targeted outreach to ensure diverse participation in the program. OVSJG staff has participated in neighborhood canvasses conducted by the Mayor's Office of Community Relations and Services to promote the camera program in areas that experienced high profile crimes, and specific efforts in areas east of the river have led to an increase in the number of applicants. Coordinated efforts with the Mayor's Office of Religious Affairs have directly resulted in one religious institution applying, thus far, and the Mayor's Office on Asian and Pacific Islander Affairs has continued targeted outreach to API owned businesses.